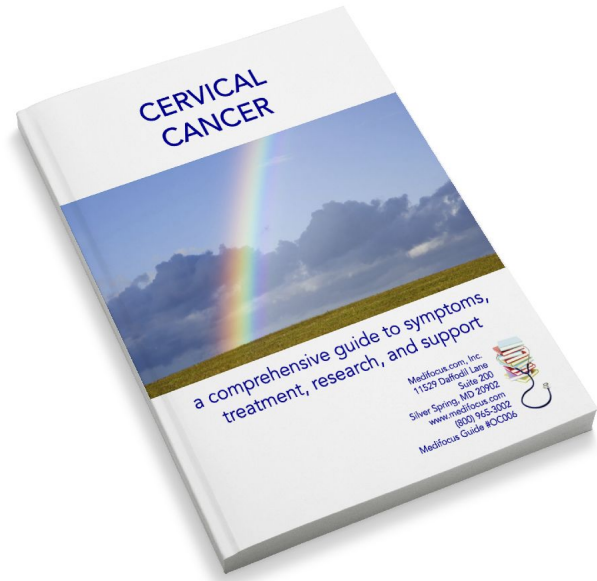


## Preview of the Medifocus Guidebook on: Cervical Cancer

Updated October 15, 2009



This document is only a SHORT PREVIEW of the **Medifocus Guidebook on Cervical Cancer**. It is intended primarily to give you a general overview of the **format and structure** of the Guidebook as well as select pages from each major Guidebook section listed in the Table of Contents.

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# 1 - Background Information

## Introduction

Chronic or life-threatening illnesses can have a devastating impact on both the patient and the family. In today's new world of medicine, many consumers have come to realize that they are the ones who are primarily responsible for their own health care as well as for the health care of their loved ones.

When facing a chronic or life-threatening illness, you need to become an educated consumer in order to make an informed health care decision. Essentially that means finding out everything about the illness - the treatment options, the doctors, and the hospitals - so that you can become an educated health care consumer and make the tough decisions. In the past, consumers would go to a library and read everything available about a particular illness or medical condition. In today's world, many turn to the Internet for their medical information needs.

The first sites visited are usually the well known health "portals" or disease organizations and support groups which contain a general overview of the condition for the layperson. That's a good start but soon all of the basic information is exhausted and the need for more advanced information still exists. What are the latest "cutting-edge" treatment options? What are the results of the most up-to-date clinical trials? Who are the most notable experts? Where are the top-ranked medical institutions and hospitals?

The best source for authoritative medical information in the United States is the National Library of Medicine's medical database called PubMed®, that indexes citations and abstracts (brief summaries) of over 7 million articles from more than 3,800 medical journals published worldwide. PubMed® was developed for medical professionals and is the primary source utilized by health care providers for keeping up with the latest advances in clinical medicine.

A typical PubMed® search for a specific disease or condition, however, usually retrieves hundreds or even thousands of "hits" of journal article citations. That's an avalanche of information that needs to be evaluated and transformed into truly useful knowledge. What are the most relevant journal articles? Which ones apply to your specific situation? Which articles are considered to be the most authoritative - the ones your physician would rely on in making clinical decisions? This is where *Medifocus.com* provides an effective solution.

*Medifocus.com* has developed an extensive library of *MediFocus Guidebooks* covering a wide spectrum of chronic and life threatening diseases. Each *MediFocus Guidebook* is a

high quality, up- to-date digest of "professional-level" medical information consisting of the most relevant citations and abstracts of journal articles published in authoritative, trustworthy medical journals. This information represents the latest advances known to modern medicine for the treatment and management of the condition, including published results from clinical trials. Each *Guidebook* also includes a valuable index of leading authors and medical institutions as well as a directory of disease organizations and support groups. *MediFocus Guidebooks* are reviewed, revised and updated every 4-months to ensure that you receive the latest and most up-to-date information about the specific condition.

## About Your MediFocus Guidebook

### ***Introduction***

Your *MediFocus Guidebook* is a valuable resource that represents a comprehensive synthesis of the most up-to-date, advanced medical information published about the condition in well-respected, trustworthy medical journals. It is the same type of professional-level information used by physicians and other health-care professionals to keep abreast of the latest developments in biomedical research and clinical medicine. The *Guidebook* is intended for patients who have a need for more advanced, in-depth medical information than is generally available to consumers from a variety of other resources. The primary goal of a *MediFocus Guidebook* is to educate patients and their families about their treatment options so that they can make informed health-care decisions and become active participants in the medical decision making process.

The *Guidebook* production process involves a team of professionals with expertise in diverse areas including experienced medical database researchers and practicing physicians who serve as members of the *Medifocus.com* Medical Advisory Board (MAB). This team approach to the development and production of the *MediFocus Guidebooks* is designed to ensure the accuracy, completeness, and clinical relevance of the information. The *Guidebook* is intended to serve as a basis for more meaningful discussions between patients and their health-care providers in a joint effort to seek the most appropriate course of treatment for the disease.

### ***Guidebook Organization and Content***

#### **Section 1 - Background Information**

This section provides detailed information about the organization and content of the *Guidebook* including tips and suggestions for conducting additional research about the condition.

#### **Section 2 - The Intelligent Patient Overview**

This section of your *MediFocus Guidebook* represents a detailed overview of the disease or condition specifically written from the patient's perspective. It is designed to satisfy the basic informational needs of consumers and their families who are confronted with the illness and are facing difficult choices. Important aspects which are addressed in "The Intelligent Patient" section include:

- The etiology or cause of the disease
- Signs and symptoms
- How the condition is diagnosed
- The current standard of care for the disease

- Treatment options
- New developments
- Important questions to ask your health care provider

### **Section 3 - Guide to the Medical Literature**

This is a roadmap to important and up-to-date medical literature published about the condition from authoritative, trustworthy medical journals. This is the same information that is used by physicians and researchers to keep up with the latest developments and breakthroughs in clinical medicine and biomedical research. A broad spectrum of articles is included in each *MediFocus Guidebook* to provide information about standard treatments, treatment options, new clinical developments, and advances in research. To facilitate your review and analysis of this information, the articles are grouped by specific categories. A typical *MediFocus Guidebook* usually contains one or more of the following article groupings:

- *Review Articles*: Articles included in this category are broad in scope and are intended to provide the reader with a detailed overview of the condition including such important aspects as its cause, diagnosis, treatment, and new advances.
- *General Interest Articles*: These articles are broad in scope and contain supplementary information about the condition that may be of interest to select groups of patients.
- *Drug Therapy*: Articles that provide information about the effectiveness of specific drugs or other biological agents for the treatment of the condition.
- *Surgical Therapy*: Articles that provide information about specific surgical treatments for the condition.
- *Clinical Trials*: Articles in this category summarize studies which compare the safety and efficacy of a new, experimental treatment modality to currently available standard treatments for the condition. In many cases, clinical trials represent the latest advances in the field and may be considered as being on the "cutting edge" of medicine. Some of these experimental treatments may have already been incorporated into clinical practice.

The following information is provided for each of the articles referenced in this section of your *MediFocus Guidebook*:

- Article title
- Author Name(s)
- Institution where the study was done

- Journal reference (Volume, page numbers, year of publication)
- Link to Abstract (brief summary of the actual article)

*Linking to Abstracts:* Most of the medical journal articles referenced in this section of your *MediFocus Guidebook* include an abstract (brief summary of the actual article) that can be accessed online via the National Library of Medicine's PubMed® database. You can easily access the individual abstracts online via PubMed® from the "electronic" format of your *MediFocus Guidebook* by clicking on the corresponding URL address that is provided for each cited article. If you purchased a printed copy of a *MediFocus Guidebook*, you can still access the article abstracts online by entering the individual URL address for a particular article into your web browser.

## **Section 4 - Centers of Research**

We've compiled a unique directory of doctors, researchers, medical centers, and research institutions with specialized research interest, and in many cases, clinical expertise in the management of the specific medical condition. The "Centers of Research" directory is a valuable resource for quickly identifying and locating leading medical authorities and medical institutions within the United States and other countries that are considered to be at the forefront in clinical research and treatment of the condition.

Inclusion of the names of specific doctors, researchers, hospitals, medical centers, or research institutions in this *Guidebook* does not imply endorsement by Medifocus.com, Inc. or any of its affiliates. Consumers are encouraged to conduct additional research to identify health-care professionals, hospitals, and medical institutions with expertise in providing specific medical advice, guidance, and treatment for this condition.

## **Section 5 - Tips on Finding and Choosing a Doctor**

One of the most important decisions confronting patients who have been diagnosed with a serious medical condition is finding and choosing a qualified physician who will deliver high-level, quality medical care in accordance with currently accepted guidelines and standards of care. Finding the "best" doctor to manage your condition, however, can be a frustrating and time-consuming experience unless you know what you are looking for and how to go about finding it. This section of your *Guidebook* offers important tips for how to find physicians as well as suggestions for how to make informed choices about choosing a doctor who is right for you.

## **Section 6 - Directory of Organizations**

This section of your *Guidebook* is a directory of select disease organizations and support groups that are in the business of helping patients and their families by providing access to information, resources, and services. Many of these organizations can answer your questions, enable you to network with other patients, and help you find a doctor in your geographical area who specializes in managing your condition.

## 2 - The Intelligent Patient Overview

# CERVICAL CANCER

### Introduction to Cervical Cancer

Cervical cancer develops in the lining of the cervix, the lower part of the uterus that enters the vagina. Normal cervical cells may undergo gradual changes to become precancerous and then cancerous - a process which may take several years. Cancer of the cervix (cervical cancer) is the 10th leading cause of cancer deaths in women in the United States, but is the 2nd most frequent cancer among women worldwide (behind breast cancer).

### ***The Female Reproductive System***

The *uterus* is a pear shaped organ located in the lower abdomen between the bladder and the rectum. The *cervix* is the narrow opening at the base of the uterus, which leads into the vagina and out of the body. Above the uterus on each side are the *fallopian tubes* and *ovaries*. Together, the uterus, vagina, ovaries, and fallopian tubes make up the female reproductive system.

The cervix contains two kinds of cells: rectangular columnar cells and flat squamous cells. Columnar cells are constantly changing into squamous cells in an area of the cervix called the *transitional zone*. This is the most common place on the cervix for abnormal cells to develop. Most (85-90%) invasive cervical cancer develops this area and is called *squamous cell carcinoma*. Approximately 10-15% of cases of cervical cancer develop in glandular surface cells, called *adenocarcinoma*. In a third type of cervical cancer, which is very rare, called *adenosquamous carcinoma*, the abnormal cells have features that resemble both squamous cells and adenocarcinoma cells

The location of the transitional zone varies among women. In teenage girls, the transitional zone is on the immature cervix's outer surface and is more susceptible to infection than in adult women. In older women, the transitional zone may be located higher within the cervical canal.

### ***Human Papillomavirus (HPV)***

*Papillomaviruses* are small viruses that infect tissues of the skin and mucous membranes. *Human papillomavirus* (HPV) is the most common sexually transmitted infection in the United States, affecting an estimated 75% of the U.S. population. More than 100 types of HPV have been identified, of which more than 40 are capable of infecting the genital tissues. In the U.S., it is estimated that over 6 million people are infected with genital HPV annually. Almost half of the infections are in persons aged 15-25 years. Sexual activity is the most important risk factor for infection, with 64% to 82% of sexually active adolescent girls testing positive for HPV. However,

most HPV infections go undetected as they often cause no symptoms.

*Anogenital warts* are benign growths that often recur within the first 6 months of initial diagnosis and, therefore, require repeated treatment. Over 500,000 new cases of anogenital warts are diagnosed annually in the U.S. Approximately 10% of men and women will develop anogenital warts at some point in their lives. Current estimates suggest that >1% of the sexually active population has genital warts.

HPV infection is the cause of genital warts as well as most pre-invasive and invasive cancers of the genitals. Virtually all cancers of the cervix are thought to be caused by infections with HPV.

Genital HPV types have been separated into high and low risk groups depending upon the risk of progression to malignancy. HPV has been linked to several anal, penile, scrotal vulvar, vaginal and some head and neck cancers. The majority of HPV-associated disease is caused by 4 HPV types: HPV 6 and 11 are responsible for low-grade genital lesions and more than 90% of genital warts, and HPV 16 and 18 both account for approximately 70% of all high-grade CIN or dysplasia (abnormal cells) and invasive cervical cancer.

High risk HPV types are responsible for most high grade, precancerous lesions and >99.7% of cervical cancers. HPV 16 alone is the cause of more than half of all invasive cancers. It has been shown that HPV 16 and HPV 18 are cumulatively responsible for over 70% of all cervical cancers and the majority of precancerous neoplasia commonly detected during routine cervical cancer screening.

Most HPV infections are transient and infected women clear their infections within 1 year. Once negative for HPV, women are at greatly reduced risk for the development of dysplasia. However, a small fraction of women go on to develop persistent infection and are at risk for malignancy. The development of cervical cancer takes an average of 20 years.

Many women will become infected with high risk HPV types, however, even without any intervention, only 2% will develop precancerous lesions that might progress to cancer. Persistent infection with high risk HPV types is a major determinant for developing high grade pre-invasive cervical lesions. Persistent infection has been defined as detection of HPV DNA of the same HPV type in 2 or more consecutive tests at least 6 months apart.

An exception to the high rate of regression is among individuals who are immunosuppressed, such as transplant recipients and persons infected with Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) who have higher rates of HPV infection and HPV-associated disease. Risk of infection for all persons increases with the number of lifetime sexual partners, sex with uncircumcised men, failure to use condoms, and a history of herpes simplex virus (HSV) or Chlamydia infections. Even intimate contact without penetration carries some risk of transmission of the virus between partners.

## ***Cervical Cancer Statistics***

- In 2006, an estimated 9,710 cases of invasive cervical cancer were diagnosed in the United States and an estimated 3,700 women died from the disease. Globally, cervical cancer is the

second most common cause of cancer death in women, with an estimated 510,000 newly diagnosed cervical cancer cases and 288,000 deaths.

- The National Cancer Institute estimates that there will be 11,150 new cases and 3,670 deaths from cervical cancer in the United States in 2007.
- Half of all women who develop cervical cancer in the United States have never been screened, and an additional 10% have not been screened within 5 years of their diagnosis.
- The highest rates of cervical cancer are found in underserved, resource-poor populations of women in whom at least 80% of all cervical cancer and related mortality occurs. The number of cases exceeds 50 per 100,000 women per year in regions of Africa, Central and South America, and Micronesia.
- In the United States, cervical cancer incidence remains about 60% higher in African American women (10.5/100,000) compared with Caucasian women (6.6/100,000) and mortality among African American women is the highest (4.7/100,000) of any racial or ethnic group. Rates are particularly high among those living in the rural South (e.g., the Mississippi Delta) and some urban areas (Washington, DC). Other high risk groups include:
  - Hispanic women living along the US-Mexico border
  - Caucasian women in Appalachia, rural New York State, and Northern New England
  - American Indian women living in the northern Plains
  - Alaskan Natives
  - Vietnamese Americans.
- The economic burden associated with HPV infection for the United States is estimated to range from \$1 to \$6 billion dollars annually making HPV the second most costly sexually transmitted infection, second only to Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV).

## ***Risk Factors for Cervical Cancer***

A *risk factor* is anything that increases a person's chances for getting a disease or condition. Risk factors for cervical cancer include:

- Persistent HPV infection
- Sexual intercourse at an early age
- Multiple sexual partners
- Long-term use of oral contraceptives
- History of 5 or more pregnancies
- Cigarette smoking
- Low socioeconomic status
- Immunosuppression (such as in transplant recipients or women with HIV)
- Poor nutrition
- Presence of sexually transmitted illness besides HPV (such as Chlamydia, Herpes, or HIV)

The **Intelligent Patient Overview** in the complete **Medifocus Guidebook on Cervical Cancer** also includes the following additional sections:

- **Screening for Cervical Cancer**
- **Staging of Cervical Cancer**
- **Diagnosis of Cervical Cancer**
- **Vaccines for the Prevention of Cervical Cancer**
- **The Role of Complementary and Alternative Therapies in Cancer**
- **Quality of Life Issues in Cancer**
- **Questions to Ask Your Doctor about Cervical Cancer**

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## 3 - Guide to the Medical Literature

### Introduction

This section of your *MediFocus Guidebook* is a comprehensive bibliography of important recent medical literature published about the condition from authoritative, trustworthy medical journals. This is the same information that is used by physicians and researchers to keep up with the latest advances in clinical medicine and biomedical research. A broad spectrum of articles is included in each *MediFocus Guidebook* to provide information about standard treatments, treatment options, new developments, and advances in research.

To facilitate your review and analysis of this information, the articles in this *MediFocus Guidebook* are grouped in the following categories:

- Review Articles - 96 Articles
- Clinical Trials Articles - 65 Articles

The following information is provided for each of the articles referenced in this section of your *MediFocus Guidebook*:

- Title of the article
- Name of the authors
- Institution where the study was done
- Journal reference (Volume, page numbers, year of publication)
- Link to Abstract (brief summary of the actual article)

**Linking to Abstracts:** Most of the medical journal articles referenced in this section of your *MediFocus Guidebook* include an abstract (brief summary of the actual article) that can be accessed online via the National Library of Medicine's PubMed® database. You can easily access the individual abstracts online via PubMed® from the "electronic" format of your *MediFocus Guidebook* by clicking on the URI that is provided for each cited article. If you purchased a printed copy of the *MediFocus Guidebook*, you can still access the abstracts online by entering the individual URI for a particular abstract into your computer's web browser.

## Recent Literature: What Your Doctor Reads

Database: PubMed <January 2006 to October 2009

### Review Articles

1.

#### Management of early and locally advanced cervical cancer.

**Authors:** Barbera L; Thomas G  
**Institution:** Department of Radiation Oncology, University of Toronto, Odette Cancer Centre, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.  
**Journal:** Semin Oncol. 2009 Apr;36(2):155-69.  
**Abstract Link:** <http://www.medifocus.com/abstracts.php?gid=OC006&ID=19332250>

2.

#### Pelvic and aortic lymphadenectomy in cervical cancer: the standardization of surgical procedure and its clinical impact.

**Authors:** Benedetti Panici P; Basile S; Angioli R  
**Institution:** Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, La Sapienza University of Rome, Rome, Italy. pierluigi.benedettipanici@uniroma1.it  
**Journal:** Gynecol Oncol. 2009 May;113(2):284-90. Epub 2009 Jan 21.  
**Abstract Link:** <http://www.medifocus.com/abstracts.php?gid=OC006&ID=19157526>

3.

#### Posttreatment human papillomavirus testing for recurrent cervical intraepithelial neoplasia: a systematic review.

**Authors:** Chan BK; Melnikow J; Slee CA; Arellanes R; Sawaya GF  
**Institution:** Oregon Evidence-based Practice Center, Department of Medical Informatics and Clinical Epidemiology, Oregon Health and Science University, Portland, OR, USA.  
**Journal:** Am J Obstet Gynecol. 2009 Apr;200(4):422.e1-9. Epub 2009 Jan 24.  
**Abstract Link:** <http://www.medifocus.com/abstracts.php?gid=OC006&ID=19167697>

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- Review Articles - 96 Articles
- Clinical Trials Articles - 65 Articles

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## 4 - Centers of Research

This section of your *MediFocus Guidebook* is a unique directory of doctors, researchers, medical centers, and research institutions with specialized research interest, and in many cases, clinical expertise in the management of this specific medical condition. The *Centers of Research* directory is a valuable resource for quickly identifying and locating leading medical authorities and medical institutions within the United States and other countries that are considered to be at the forefront in clinical research and treatment of this disorder.

Use the *Centers of Research* directory to contact, consult, or network with leading experts in the field and to locate a hospital or medical center that can help you.

The following information is provided in the *Centers of Research* directory:

- **Geographic Location**

- United States: the information is divided by individual states listed in alphabetical order. Not all states may be included.
- Other Countries: information is presented for select countries worldwide listed in alphabetical order. Not all countries may be included.

- **Names of Authors**

- Select names of individual authors (doctors, researchers, or other health-care professionals) with specialized research interest, and in many cases, clinical expertise in the management of this specific medical condition, who have recently published articles in leading medical journals about the condition.
- E-mail addresses for individual authors, if listed on their specific publications, is also provided.

- **Institutional Affiliations**

- Next to each individual author's name is their **institutional affiliation** (hospital, medical center, or research institution) where the study was conducted as listed in their publication(s).
- In many cases, information about the specific **department** within the medical institution where the individual author was located at the time the study was conducted is also provided.

## Centers of Research

### United States

#### CA - California

<u>Name of Author</u>	<u>Institutional Affiliation</u>
Alvarez EA	Department of Reproductive Medicine, Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Moores UCSD Cancer Center, La Jolla, CA 92093-0987, USA. E1alvarez@ucsd.edu
Berek JS	Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford Cancer Center, Stanford, CA 94305, USA.
Chan JK	Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford Cancer Center, Stanford, CA 94305, USA.
Chase DM	Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Chao Family Comprehensive Cancer Center, University of California, Irvine, Medical Center, Orange, CA 92868, USA.
DiSaia PJ	Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Chao Family Comprehensive Cancer Center, University of California, Irvine, Medical Center, Orange, CA 92868, USA.
Garcia AA	Premiere Oncology, Santa Monica, CA, USA.
Gatcliffe TA	Department of OB/GYN, Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Chao Family Comprehensive Cancer Center, University of California-Irvine Medical Center, Orange, CA 92868, USA.
Huang CM	Department of Internal Medicine, UCLA School of Medicine, VA Greater Los Angeles Healthcare System, West Los Angeles, California. 11301 Wilshire Blvd (PACC), Los Angeles, CA 90073, USA.
Lucci JA 3rd	Department of Reproductive Medicine, Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Moores UCSD Cancer Center, La Jolla, CA 92093-0987, USA. E1alvarez@ucsd.edu
Mahdavi A	Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Chao Family Comprehensive Cancer Center, University of California, Irvine, Orange 92868-3298, USA.

The **Centers of Research** in the complete **Medifocus Guidebook on Cervical Cancer** includes the following sections:

- Centers of Research for relevant states in the United States
- Centers of Research listed for relevant countries outside the United States

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# 5 - Tips on Finding and Choosing a Doctor

## Introduction

One of the most important decisions confronting patients who have been diagnosed with a serious medical condition is finding and choosing a qualified physician who will deliver a high level and quality of medical care in accordance with currently accepted guidelines and standards of care. Finding the "best" doctor to manage your condition, however, can be a frustrating and time-consuming experience unless you know what you are looking for and how to go about finding it.

The process of finding and choosing a physician to manage your specific illness or condition is, in some respects, analogous to the process of making a decision about whether or not to invest in a particular stock or mutual fund. After all, you wouldn't invest your hard earned money in a stock or mutual fund without first doing exhaustive research about the stock or fund's past performance, current financial status, and projected future earnings. More than likely you would spend a considerable amount of time and energy doing your own research and consulting with your stock broker before making an informed decision about investing. The same general principle applies to the process of finding and choosing a physician. Although the process requires a considerable investment in terms of both time and energy, the potential payoff can be well worth it--after all, what can be more important than your health and well-being?

This section of your Guidebook offers important tips for how to find physicians as well as suggestions for how to make informed choices about choosing a doctor who is right for you.

## Tips for Finding Physicians

Finding a highly qualified, competent, and compassionate physician to manage your specific illness or condition takes a lot of hard work and energy but is an investment that is well-worth the effort. It is important to keep in mind that you are not looking for just any general physician but rather for a physician who has expertise in the treatment and management of your specific illness or condition. Here are some suggestions for where you can turn to identify and locate physicians who specialize in managing your disorder:

- **Your Doctor** - Your family physician (family medicine or internal medicine specialist) is a good starting point for finding a physician who specializes in your illness. Chances are that your doctor already knows several specialists in your geographic area who specialize in your illness and can recommend several names to you. Your doctor can also provide you with information about their qualifications, training, and hospital affiliations.

The **Tips on Finding and Choosing a Doctor** in the complete **Medifocus Guidebook on Cervical Cancer** includes additional information that will assist you in locating a highly qualified and competent physician to manage your specific illness.

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## 6 - Directory of Organizations

### **American Cancer Society**

1599 Clifton Road NE Atlanta, GA 30329

800.227.2345; 404.486.0100

[www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org)

### **American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists**

409 12th Street SW Washington, DC 20090-6920

202.638.5577

[resources@acog.org](mailto:resources@acog.org)

[www.acog.org](http://www.acog.org)

### **American Institute for Cancer Research; Nutrition Hotline**

1759 R St. NW; Washington, DC 20009

800.843.8114; 202.328.7744

[www.aicr.org](http://www.aicr.org)

### **Association of Cancer Online Resources**

[www.acor.org](http://www.acor.org)

### **Cancer Care**

275 Seventh Avenue New York, NY 10001

800.813.4673

[www.cancercare.org](http://www.cancercare.org)

### **Cancer Caring Center**

4117 Liberty Avenue; Pittsburgh, PA 15224

412.622.1212

[info@cancercaring.org](mailto:info@cancercaring.org)

[www.cancercaring.org](http://www.cancercaring.org)

### **Cancer Help - UK**

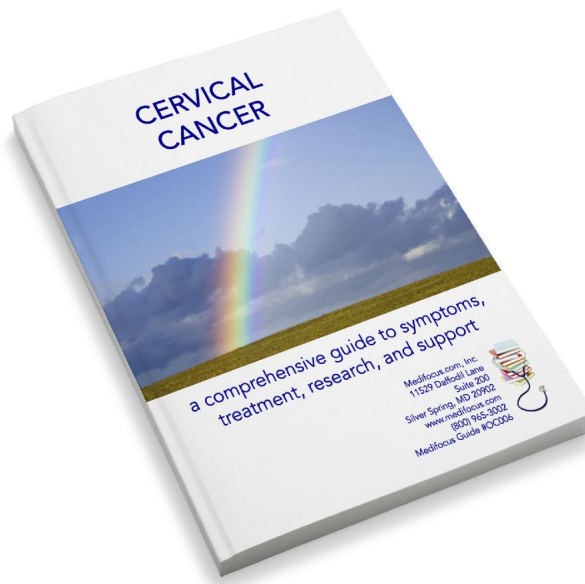
0808 800 40 40

[www.cancerhelp.org.uk](http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk)

The **Directory of Organizations** in the complete **Medifocus Guidebook on Cervical Cancer** includes a list of selected disease organizations and support groups that are helping people diagnosed with Cervical Cancer.

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